

ERIC GIBSON
INTERIM DIRECTOR

County of San Diego

DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND LAND USE

5201 RUFFIN ROAD, SUITE B, SAN DIEGO, CALIFORNIA 92123-1666 INFORMATION (868) 694-2960 TOLL FREE (800) 411-0017 www.sdcounty.ca.gov/dplu

August 14, 2008

CEQA Initial Study - Environmental Checklist Form (Based on the State CEQA Guidelines, Appendix G Rev. 10/04)

Project Number(s)/Environmental Log Number/Title:

TM 5276RPL³; Log No. 02-02-002; West Lilac Farms Residential Tentative Map

- Lead agency name and address:
 County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use 5201 Ruffin Road, Suite B, San Diego, CA 92123-1666
- 3. a. Dennis Campbell, Project Manager
 - b. Phone number: (858) 505-6380
 - c. E-mail: dennis.campbell@sdcounty.ca.gov.
- 4. Project location:

The 92.8 acre project site is located south of West Lilac Road and northeasterly of the intersection of Via Ararat Drive and Mt. Ararat Way within the unincorporated area of the County of San Diego in the Bonsall Community Planning area.

Thomas Brothers Coordinates: Page 1048, Grid G7/H7; Page 1068 Grid G1/H1

5. Project Applicant name and address:

James Pardee, Jr. West Lilac Farms, LLC 267 Stonecreek Court Westlake Village, CA 91361 6. General Plan Designation

Regional Category:

(1.3) Estate Development Area (EDA)

Community Plan:

Bonsall

Land Use Designation:

(19) Intensive Agriculture

Density:

1 du/2, 4 and 8 acres

7. Zoning

Use Regulation:

A70 Limited Agriculture

Minimum Lot Size:

2 acre(s)

Special Area Regulation:

None

8. Description of project:

The proposed project is a major subdivision to create 28 single-family lots ranging in size from 2.1 to 5.9 acres on a 92.8 -acre parcel in the Bonsall Community Planning area. 15 of the 28 proposed lots equal or exceed 3 acres in size with 8 lots 4 acres or larger. Access to each lot would be provided by private roadways connecting to Via Ararat Drive and Aqueduct Road. The project would be served by on-site septic systems and imported water from the Rainbow Municipal Water District. Earthwork will consist of cut and fill of up to 84,000 cubic yards of material. The proposed use of the lots will be residential.

9. Surrounding land uses and setting (briefly describe the project's surroundings):

Lands surrounding the project site are used for residential and agricultural uses. The topography of the project site and adjacent land is gently sloping ranging from 695 to 885 feet above sea level. Eighty-two acres of the site is currently used for citrus and avocado farming as well as cut flowers. Approximately 60 acres of existing agricultural operations on site will be retained. A drainage traverses the western side of the project site and a large stand of oaks occurs in the northeastern corner of the project site. The site is located within one mile of Interstate 15 (I-15).

10. Other public agencies whose approval is required (e.g., permits, financing approval, or participation agreement):

Permit Type/Action	Agency
Execution of Indefinite Offer to Dedicate	County of San Diego
Right-of-Way	·
Tentative Map	County of San Diego
Grading Permit	County of San Diego
Water District Approval	Rainbow Municipal Water District
Sewer District Approval	Septic
School District Approval	Fallbrook Union H.S. and Bonsall
	Union Elementary School Districts
Fire District Approval	Deer Spring Fire Protection District
Septic Tank Permit	County of San Diego

Dennis Campbell
Printed Name

	Permit Type/Action		Agency		
	Improvement Plans			San Diego	
	General Construction	Storm water	RWQCB		
	Permit				
check impac	ENVIRONMENTAL FACTORS POTENTIALLY AFFECTED: The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project and involve at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" or a "Potentially Significant Impact Unless Mitigation Incorporated," as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.				
☑ Aesthetics☑ Agriculture Resou☑ Biological Resources☑ Cultural Resource		es	☐ Air Quality ☐ Geology & Soils		
☑ Ha	☐ Hazards & Haz. Materials ☐ Hydrology & Waterials Quality		ter	☑ Land Use & Planning	
☐ Mineral Resources ☑ N		☑ Noise ☐ Recreation		☐ Population & Housing ☐ Transportation/Traffic	
	lities & Service stems	☑ Mandatory Findi	ngs of Significance		
	DETERMINATION: (To be completed by the Lead Agency) On the basis of this initial evaluation:				
	that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the				
	that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in				
the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. ☑ On the basis of this Initial Study, the Department of Planning and Land Use finds that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.					
lenu Signa	ture		August 1 Date	4, 2008	

Project Manager

Title

Mitigation Incorporated

I. AESTHETICS Would the project:						
a) I	a) Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
compos lands, b develop agricult assessi	Potentially Significant Impact: A vista is a view from a particular location or composite views along a roadway or trail. Scenic vistas often refer to views of natural lands, but may also be compositions of natural and developed areas, or even entirely of developed and unnatural areas, such as a scenic vista of a rural town and surrounding agricultural lands. What is scenic to one person may not be scenic to another, so the assessment of what constitutes a scenic vista must consider the perceptions of a variety of viewer groups.					
The items that can be seen within a vista are visual resources. Adverse impacts to individual visual resources or the addition of structures or developed areas may or may not adversely affect the vista. Determining the level of impact to a scenic vista requires analyzing the changes to the vista as a whole and also to individual visual resources.						
The proposed project is a residential development of 28 single-family homes ranging in size from 2.1 to 5.9 acres. Approximately 60 acres of existing agricultural operations on site will be retained as part of the project. Some trees will be removed to make way for building pads and other related infrastructure. The project proposes up to 84,000 cubic yards of grading, which will result in some contour changes on the site. Therefore, the project has the potential to have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. Potential project and cumulative impacts for this issue area will be addressed in the EIR.						
b) Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?						
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			

No Impact: State scenic highways refer to those highways that are officially designated. A scenic highway is officially designated as a state scenic highway when the local jurisdiction adopts a scenic corridor protection program, applies to the California Department of Transportation for scenic highway approval, and receives notification from Caltrans that the highway has been designated as an official scenic highway. The project site is located approximately 1 mile west of the I-15 corridor; and is not visible from I-15 due to intervening topography. According to Caltrans, I-15 is not officially designated or eligible for designation along that portion of I-15. Therefore, the proposed project will not have any substantial adverse effect on a scenic resource within a state scenic highway and no impact is identified for this issue area.

C)

Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its

5	surroundings?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Potentially Significant Impact: Visual character is the objective composition of the visible landscape within a viewshed. Visual character is based on the organization of the pattern elements line, form, color, and texture. Visual character is commonly discussed in terms of dominance, scale, diversity and continuity. Visual quality is the viewer's perception of the visual environment and varies based on exposure, sensitivity and expectation of the viewers. The existing visual character and quality of the project site and surrounding can be characterized as a mixture of estate residential and agricultural. Earthwork will consist of cut and fill of up to 84,000 cubic yards of material.					
flower o	The project site currently supports agricultural production, including orchards and cut flower operations. Grading is proposed for the building pad and roadway improvements and will result in a change in visual quality on the site. Potential project and cumulative impacts for this issue area will be addressed in the EIR.				
•	d) Create a new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
Less than Significant Impact: The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is					

Less than Significant Impact: The proposed project will use outdoor lighting and is located within Zone B as identified by the San Diego County Light Pollution Code. However, it will not adversely affect nighttime views or astronomical observations, because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code (Section 59.101-59.115), including the Zone B lamp type and shielding requirements per fixture and hours of operation limitations for outdoor lighting and searchlights.

The project will not contribute to significant cumulative impacts on day or nighttime views because the project will conform to the Light Pollution Code. The Code was developed by the San Diego County Department of Planning and Land Use and Department of Public Works in cooperation with lighting engineers, astronomers, land use planners from San Diego Gas and Electric, Palomar and Mount Laguna observatories, and local community planning and sponsor groups to effectively address and minimize the impact of new sources light pollution on nighttime views. The standards in the Code are the result of this collaborative effort and establish an acceptable level for new lighting. Compliance with the Code is required prior to issuance of any building permit for any project. Mandatory compliance for all new building permits ensures that this project in combination with all past, present and future

projects will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. Therefore, compliance with the Code ensures that the project will not create a significant new source of substantial light or glare, which would adversely affect daytime or nighttime views in the area, on a project or cumulative level and impacts would be less than significant.

II. AGRICULTURE RESOURCES -- In determining whether impacts to agricultural resources are significant environmental effects, lead agencies may refer to the California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model (1997) prepared by the California Department of Conservation as an optional model to use in assessing impacts on agriculture and farmland. Would the project:

a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farm Importance Farmland), as shown on the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Progto non-agricultural use?	e maps	s prepared pursuant to the
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
classi loam will be curre flowe agricu	ntially Significant Impact: Approximate ified as Farmland of Statewide Important (PeC) soils. Approximately 6.2 acres of the impacted by roads, driveways and padently used for agricultural operations considers. Therefore, the project has the potential tural resources technical report will be pasted.	e due hese f gradin isting o	to the presence of Placentia sandy Farmlands of Statewide Importance g. Eighty-two acres of the site are of avocadoes, citrus and cut onvert Unique Farmland. An
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricult	ural us	se, or a Williamson Act contract?
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact: The project site includes approximately 27.6 acres that is classified as Farmland of Statewide Importance due to PeC soils. The project will result in the conversion of approximately 6.2 acres of these soils for roads, driveways, building pads and leach fields to accommodate the project. The remaining approximately 21.4 acres (78%) will be preserved for ongoing and future onsite agricultural operations. The project site is not under a Williamson Act Contract. However, because the project has the potential to impact Farmland of Statewide Importance, a potentially significant agricultural impact could occur. This issue area will be addressed in the EIR and through an agricultural resources technical report.

c)	Involve other changes in the existing en nature, could result in conversion of Far		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
FarmI these impac		sting o cultura lyzed	f the PeC soils on site. Because some of al use, a potentially significant agricultural in the EIR and through an agricultural
applic	IR QUALITY Where available, the signicable air quality management or air polluting the following determinations. Would the	on coi	ntrol district may be relied upon to
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation Strategy (RAQS) or applicable portions		_
	- Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
consis The p zoning minim the pr used i emiss growtl RAQS scree	than Significant Impact: The project prostent with the General Plan and zoning detroject site has a General Plan designation of A70 Limited Agriculture. In two-acre lots, which is consistent with roject proposes development that was and in development of the RAQS and SIP. Opions of ozone precursors that were consistent of the projections. As such, the proposed properties or the SIP. In addition, the operational ening levels, and therefore will not violate acts would be less than significant.	esigna n of (1 Both on what icipate peration dered ject do emissi	tion identified for the project site. 9) Intensive Agriculture and a of these designations allow for the project proposes. Therefore, and in SANDAG growth projections on of the project will result in as a part of the RAQS based on the project with either the cons from the project are below the
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contriprojected air quality violation?	bute s	ubstantially to an existing or
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: In general, air quality impacts from land use projects are the result of emissions from motor vehicles, and from short-term construction

activities associated with such projects. The San Diego County Land Use Environment Group (LUEG) has established guidelines for determining significance which incorporate the Air Pollution Control District's (SDAPCD) established screening-level criteria for all new source review (NSR) in APCD Rule 20.2. These screening-level criteria can be used as numeric methods to demonstrate that a project's total emissions (e.g. stationary and fugitive emissions, as well as emissions from mobile sources) would not result in a significant impact to air quality. Since APCD does not have screening-level criteria for emissions of volatile organic compounds (VOCs), the use of the screening level for reactive organic compounds (ROC) from the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) for the Coachella Valley (which are more appropriate for the San Diego Air Basin) are used.

The project proposes residential development, which will include grading operations of approximately 84,000 cubic yards. However, grading operations associated with the construction of the project would be subject to County of San Diego Grading Ordinance, which requires the implementation of dust control measures. Emissions from the construction phase would be temporary and localized, resulting in pollutant emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance. In addition, the vehicle trips generated from the project will result in 336 Average Daily Trips (ADTs). The County of San Diego has determined that projects that generate less than 2,000 ADT are below the screening-level criteria established by the guidelines for criteria pollutants. As such, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation and impacts would be less than significant.

c)	Result in a cumulatively considerab which the project region is non-attai ambient air quality standard (includi quantitative thresholds for ozone pro	nment und ng releasi	der an applicable federal or state ng emissions which exceed
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: San Diego County is presently in non-attainment for the 1-hour concentrations under the California Ambient Air Quality Standard (CAAQS) for Ozone (O₃). San Diego County is also presently in non-attainment for the annual geometric mean and for the 24-hour concentrations of Particulate Matter less than or equal to 10 microns (PM₁₀) under the CAAQS. O₃ is formed when volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) react in the presence of sunlight. VOC sources include any source that burns fuels (e.g., gasoline, natural gas, wood, oil); solvents; petroleum processing and storage; and pesticides. Sources of PM₁₀ in both urban and rural areas include motor vehicles, wood burning stoves and fireplaces, dust from construction, landfills, agriculture, wildfires, brush/waste burning, and industrial sources of windblown dust from open lands.

d)

Based upon the analysis in Section III(b), above, the project will not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. In addition, a list of past, present and future projects within the surrounding area were evaluated and none of these projects emit significant amounts of criteria pollutants. Refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered. The proposed project as well as the past, present and future projects within the surrounding area, have emissions below the screening-level criteria established by the LUEG guidelines for determining significance, therefore, the construction and operational emissions associated with the proposed project will not create a cumulatively considerable impact nor a considerable net increase of PM₁₀, or any O₃ precursors and impacts would be less than significant.

Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?

•		·	-		
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
as so cented be acconsi Base no se by the proportion of air	Less than Significant Impact: Air quality regulators typically define sensitive receptors as schools (Preschool-12 th Grade), hospitals, resident care facilities, or day-care centers, or other facilities that may house individuals with health conditions that would be adversely impacted by changes in air quality. The County of San Diego also considers residences as sensitive receptors since they house children and the elderly. Based a site visit conducted by Dennis Campbell and Robert Hingtgen on May 1, 2008, no sensitive receptors have been identified within a quarter-mile (the radius determined by the SCAQMD in which the dilution of pollutants is typically significant) occur of the proposed project. Further, the proposed project will not generate significant levels of air pollutants. As such, the project will not expose sensitive populations to excessive levels of air pollutants. The Sullivan Middle School at 7350 West Lilac Road is located approximately 2000 feet northwest of the project site (>1/4 mile). Therefore, impacts				
е) Г	7	Create objectionable odors affecting a so Potentially Significant Impact	ubstai □	ntial number of people? Less than Significant Impact	
]	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\square	No Impact	

No Impact: No potential sources of objectionable odors have been identified in association with the proposed project. As such, no impact from odors will occur.

IV. BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES -- Would the project:

a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either on any species identified as a candidate local or regional plans, policies, or regula Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife	, sens ations	itive, or special status species in , or by the California Department of
	Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
report project of .22 draina throug preser are local identific complete Souther portion species project and the project County the purion by the	tially Significant Unless Mitigation Inc. for the project was prepared by Vince So t site consists of orchards and vineyards, acres of Southern Coast Live Oak Riparinge that transverses the property in the notified of the plant cally-common species and no "listed" specied on the project site based upon biologicated for the project. Two of the plant content Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest and the of the project site are considered sensites, Turkey Vulture, was detected flying over the project of the project site are actually acres of So the disturbed drainage area that transverse the will impact 13.39 acres of non-native gray of San Diego. However, the project progresses of 7 acres of non-native grassland ver, the project has the potential to advert County in the absence of this mitigation and in the biological resources report.	cheidt The I an Fo orthwe d and s and cies o ical re nmuni the dis ive by rer the outher asslar oposes d as p sely ir	in October 2004. 82 acres of the palance of the project site consists rest, 1.85 acres of disturbed est portion of proposed parcels 1 the balance of the project site is animals detected on the property or "narrow endemics" were source reports previously ties found on the project site, sturbed drainage that transverses at the County. One sensitive animal esite during the site survey. The rn Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest property in open space. The notated as sensitive by the situli mitigation for this impact by art of the 40-acre Hobbs parcel.
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any natural community identified in local or re the California Department of Fish and G	egiona	al plans, policies, regulations or by
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated: This 2004 biotechnical report prepared by Vince Scheidt indicated that the project would impact 0.22 acres of Southern Coast Live Oak Riparian Forest and 1.85 acres of the disturbed drainage that traverses the property in the northwest portion of proposed parcels 1 through 5. However, the project proposes to place both of these areas in open space thereby

preserving them and mitigating these potential impacts. The impact in this area is therefore potentially significant unless the mitigation is incorporated into the project. A biological resources report will be prepared for the project and this issue area will be analyzed in the EIR.

c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on feet Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (inclean) pool, coastal, etc.) through direct remove other means?	luding	, but not limited to, marsh, vernal
<u> </u>	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Octol wetla being suppl	ntially Significant Impact: The biotechnor 2004 determined that the project does nds as defined by Section 404 of the Clear reexamined as part of a supplemental biotechnical report has been contailly significant and will be analyzed in the total contails.	not s an Wa otechi nplete	upport any federally protected ter Act. However, this issue is nical report for the project. Until this d, this issue has been treated as a
d)	Interfere substantially with the movement or wildlife species or with established national corridors, or impede the use of native w	ative re	esident or migratory wildlife
⊻	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Potentially Significant Impact: The October 2004 biotechnical report for the project did not identify any protected or sensitive species utilizing the project site with the exception of a single mature turkey vulture that was observed flying across the edge of the property during the site survey. The biological survey indicated that the site and surrounding areas are not nesting habitat for the turkey vulture and the site does not constitute a significant foraging or roosting area for this large bird. Most of the project site (approximately 82 acres) has been previously disturbed as a result of on-going agricultural operations for a number of years. The 2004 biotechnical report for the project determined that on-going operations conducted on the project site and the surrounding area did not support use of the project site or the surrounding area as a local wildlife corridor. However, this issue will be discussed further in the EIR and evaluated further at that time.

e)		Conflict with the provisions of any adopte Communities Conservation Plan, other a conservation plan or any other local poli- resources?	approv	ed local, regional or state habitat		
	$ \sqrt{} $	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Mul und disc con	Potentially Significant Impact: The project is located within proposed North County Multiple Species Conservation Program (NCMSCP) planning area. The NCMSCP is under development and has not been approved at this time. However, the EIR will discuss if the project conflicts with other approved local, regional or state habitat conservation plans or other local policies or ordinances that protect biological resources.					
<u>V.</u>	CU	LTURAL RESOURCES Would the pro	oject:			
a)		Cause a substantial adverse change in tas defined in Section 15064.5 of the Sta	_			
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
bee Hov	en p wev	tially Significant Unless Mitigation Incoreviously disturbed due to ongoing agric ver, there is a potential for cultural resour all resources report will be prepared for th	ultura ces to	l operations and on-site roads. be on the project site. Therefore, a		
b)		Cause a substantial adverse change in tresource pursuant to Section 15064.5 of				
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	V	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated: Most of the project site has been previously disturbed due to ongoing agricultural operations and on-site roads. However, there is a potential for cultural resources to be on the project site. Therefore, a cultural resources report will be prepared for the project and summarized in the EIR.

-	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique pa geologic feature?	leonto	logical resource or site or unique	
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
provide	pact: Unique Paleontological Resources ed by the San Diego Museum of Natural I entirely on plutonic igneous rock and ha s.	Histor	y indicates that the project is	
have be Plan or unique	e Geologic Features – The site does not e een catalogued within the Conservation support any known geologic characteris geologic features. Therefore, impacts fo an significant.	Eleme	ent (Part X) of the County's General nat have the potential to support	
,	Disturb any human remains, including th cemeteries?	ose in	terred outside of formal	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Less than Significant Impact: Based on an analysis of County of San Diego archaeology resource files, archaeological records, maps, and aerial photographs by County of San Diego staff archaeologist, Donna Beddow, no human remains were identified on the project site because it does not include a formal cemetery or any archaeological resources that might contain interred human remains.				
VI. GE	OLOGY AND SOILS Would the proje	ct:		
•	Expose people or structures to potential risk of loss, injury, or death involving:	subst	antial adverse effects, including the	
	 Rupture of a known earthquake fa Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zo for the area or based on other sul Refer to Division of Mines and Ge 	oning ostant	Map issued by the State Geologist ial evidence of a known fault?	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
	pact: The project is not located in a fault -Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Act, Spe	-		

Fault-Rupture Hazards Zones in California, or located within any other area with substantial evidence of a known fault. Therefore, there will be no impact from the exposure of people or structures to adverse effects from a known hazard zone as a result of this project.

ii. S	Strong seismic ground shaking?		
Less	ntially Significant Impact Than Significant With Mitigation porated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
classifies all S the project is r zone as define Source Zones Requirements California Buil foundation rec the issuance of exposure of pe	San Diego County with the highest not located within 5 kilometers of the dwithin the Uniform Building Cook in California. In addition, the property of the Cook in California. In addition, the property of the Cook in 162 requires the commendations to be approved by the factor of the commendations to be approved by the commendation of the cook in the commendation of the cook in	seisriche ce de's M ject w quake a soil y a Co nerefo	Maps of Known Active Fault Near- ill have to conform to the Seismic e Design as outlined within the s compaction report with proposed
iii.	Seismic-related ground failure, inc	cluding	g liquefaction?
Less	ntially Significant Impact Than Significant With Mitigation porated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
No Impact: T geologic envir addition, the s Therefore, the	The geology of the project site is ic conment is not susceptible to grou site is not underlain by poor artifici	nd fai al fill d	lure from seismic activity. In
iv. l	Landslides?		
Less	ntially Significant Impact Than Significant With Mitigation porated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

No Impact: The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, San Diego County DPLU staff has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.

b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the	loss o	f topsoil?
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: According to the Soil Survey of San Diego County, the soils on-site are identified as Placentia sandy loam, Fallbrook-Vista sandy loam, Vista coarse sandy loam, Fallbrook sandy loam, and Cieneba coarse sandy loam that has a soil erodibility rating of "moderate" and/or "severe" as indicated by the Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, prepared by the US Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service dated December 1973. However, the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil for the following reasons:

- The project will not result in unprotected erodible soils.
- The project will not alter existing drainage patterns.
- The project is not located in a floodplain, wetland, or significant drainage feature; and will not develop steep slopes.
- The project has prepared a Storm Water Management Plan dated May 25, 2005, prepared by Walsh Engineering, Inc. The plan includes Best Management Practices to ensure sediment does not erode from the project site.
- The project involves grading. However, the project is required to comply with the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING). Compliance with these regulations minimizes the potential for water and wind erosion.

Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil on a project level.

In addition, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact because all the of past, present and future projects included on the list of projects that involve grading or land disturbance are required to follow the requirements of the San Diego County Code of Regulations, Title 8, Zoning and Land Use Regulations, Division 7, Sections 87.414 (DRAINAGE - EROSION PREVENTION) and 87.417 (PLANTING); Order 2001-01 (NPDES No. CAS 0108758), adopted by the San Diego Region RWQCB on February 21, 2001; County Watershed Protection, Storm Water Management, and Discharge Control Ordinance (WPO) (Ord. No. 9424); and County Storm water Standards Manual adopted on February 20, 2002, and amended January 10, 2003 (Ordinance No. 9426). Therefore, impacts are determined to be less than significant for this issue area.

c) Will the project produce unstable geological conditions that will result in adverse impacts resulting from landslides, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?

			Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
unstab	pact: The project is not located on or ne ble or would potentially become unstable ation refer to VI Geology and Soils, Ques	as a ı	result of the project. For further
d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined Code (1994), creating substantial risks t		
	, ,	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
within review Agricu site ar Fallbro have a require Standa	Than Significant Impact: The project is Table 18-I-B of the Uniform Building Cook of the Soil Survey for the San Diego Are alture, Soil Conservation and Forest Service Placentia sandy loam, Fallbrook-Vista book sandy loam, and Cieneba coarse sar any significant impacts because the projecements identified in the 1997 Uniform Buard for Design of Slab-On-Ground Found and Compressible Soils, which ensure sursive soils. Therefore, these soils will not rty.	le (19 ea, preice da sandy ndy loa ect is r ilding lations itable	94). This was confirmed by staff epared by the US Department of sted December 1973. The soils onloam, Vista coarse sandy loam, am. However the project will not equired to comply the improvement Code, Division III – Design to Resist the Effects of Expansive structure safety in areas with
e)	Have soils incapable of adequately suppalternative wastewater disposal systems disposal of wastewater?		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project will discharge domestic waste to on-site wastewater systems also known as septic systems. A Nitrate Assessment was completed by Michael Welch in July 2003 for the project at the request of the Department of Environmental Health. The project includes standard subsurface septic systems on each of the 28 lots. Discharge wastewater must conform to the Regional Water Quality Control Boards (RWQCB) applicable standards, including the Regional Basin Plan and the California Water Code. California Water Code Section 13282 allows RWQCBs to authorize the local public agency to issue permits for septic systems. The RWQCB with jurisdiction over San Diego County has authorized the County of San

Diego, Department of Environmental Health (DEH) to issue septic system permits throughout the County and within the incorporated cities. DEH reviewed the Nitrate Assessment and the septic system layout for the project pursuant to adopted DEH requirements for on-site wastewater systems and gave final approval of the project septic system on March 16, 2006 (Lambert Memo). A subsequent evaluation of the septic system was completed by Bob Giesick for DEH in the summer of 2007. Following this investigation, on September 4, 2007 DEH wrote a letter confirming the septic system proposed for the project was in compliance with current septic system design standards for San Diego County and that these designs would have no off-impacts to neighboring properties with respect to subsurface migration of sewage effluent discharge from the septic systems. The septic system proposed for the project therefore fully complies with DEH requirements and DEH has determined that soils are capable of adequately accommodating the septic system proposed for the project. Accordingly, the project site has soils capable of adequately supporting the septic system proposed and the project will not result in any significant impact in this area.

VII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS -- Would the project:

a)		Create a significant hazard to the public transport, storage, use, or disposal of ha			
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporation		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
en dis cui de to	No Impact: The project will not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment because it does not propose the storage, use, transport, emission, or disposal of Hazardous Substances, nor are Hazardous Substances proposed or currently in use in the immediate vicinity. In addition, the project does not propose to demolish any existing structures onsite and therefore would not create a hazard related to the release of asbestos, lead based paint or other hazardous materials from demolition activities. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area,				
b)	f	Create a significant hazard to the public foreseeable upset and accident conditio materials into the environment?			
		Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	

No Impact: The project proposes residential uses. As such, the project will not contain, handle, or store any potential sources of chemicals or compounds that would present a significant risk of accidental explosion or release of hazardous substances. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.

c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle has substances, or waste within one-quarter		•
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact
schoo hazar	npact: The project is not located within or ol. Furthermore, the project does not propedous materials. Therefore, the project will seed school and no impact is identified for	ose th I not h	ne handling, storage, or transport o ave any effect on an existing or
d)	Be located on a site which is included or compiled pursuant to Government Code it create a significant hazard to the publi	Secti	on 65962.5 and, as a result, would
V	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
limited on a s Gove to the site h	ntially Significant Impact: A Phase 1 End soil testing is being prepared for the prosite which is included on a list of hazardournment Code Section 65962.5 and, as a republic or the environment. Additionally, pave used pesticides. The Phase I ESA will be summarized in the EIR and IR.	pject to us mat esult, past aq ill addi	o verify if the project site is located terials sites compiled pursuant to would it create a significant hazard gricultural activities on the project ress this as well. The results of the
e) _	For a project located within an airport la not been adopted, within two miles of a the project result in a safety hazard for parea?	public	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact

No Impact: The proposed project is not located within a Comprehensive Land Use Plan (CLUP) for airports; or within two miles of a public airport. Also, the project does not propose construction of any structure equal to or greater than 150 feet in height, constituting a safety hazard to aircraft and/or operations from an airport or heliport. Therefore, the project will not constitute a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area and no impact is identified for this issue area.

f)		For a project within the vicinity of a privat safety hazard for people residing or work		• •
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
resi	ult, t	eact: The proposed project is not within the project will not constitute a safety has area.		
g)		mpair implementation of or physically intresponse plan or emergency evacuation		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		lowing sections summarize the project's se plans or emergency evacuation plans		stency with applicable emergency
i.	(OPERATIONAL AREA EMERGENCY PI	LAN:	
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact
probe of pro	vide unty esta ject	pact: The Operational Area Emergency is direction to local jurisdictions to develope. It provides guidance for emergency playblished by each jurisdiction that has respected in the plan because it is identification.	p spe anning oonsil t will r	ecific operational area of San Diego g and requires subsequent plans to pilities in a disaster situation. The not prohibit subsequent plans from
ii.		SAN DIEGO COUNTY NUCLEAR POW RESPONSE PLAN	ER S	TATION EMERGENCY
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
			_	

No Impact: The project will not interfere with implementation of the San Diego County Nuclear Power Station Emergency Response Plan. The emergency plan for the San Onofre Nuclear Generating Station includes an emergency planning zone within a 10-mile radius. All land area within 10 miles of the plant is not within the jurisdiction of the unincorporated County and as such a project in the unincorporated area is not expected to interfere with any response or evacuation. No impact is identified for this issue area.

iii. OIL SPILL CONTINGENCY ELEMENT

west Li	iac Farms, TM5276RPL*	- 20 -	August 14, 2006		
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact		
project i	act: The project will not interfere wi s not located within the coastal zone ssue area.		oill Contingency Element because the ne coastline. No impact is identified		
	EMERGENCY WATER CONTING RESPONSE PLAN	ENCIES A	NNEX AND ENERGY SHORTAGE		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact		
and End water or	No Impact: The project will not interfere with the Emergency Water Contingencies Annex and Energy Shortage Response Plan because the project does not propose altering major water or energy supply infrastructure, such as the California Aqueduct. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.				
v. [DAM EVACUATION PLAN				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\square	No Impact		
	act: The Dam Evacuation Plan wi outside a dam inundation zone. N		erfered with because the project is identified for this issue area.		
ĺ	Expose people or structures to a s wildland fires, including where wild where residences are intermixed w	llands are a			
$\overline{\checkmark}$	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
	ially Significant Impact: The pro e potential to support wildland fire		ect is adjacent to wildlands that rotection Plan (FPP) is required to		

Potentially Significant Impact: The proposed project is adjacent to wildlands that have the potential to support wildland fires. A Fire Protection Plan (FPP) is required to evaluate whether the project will expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires. The FPP will evaluate the project in conjunction with regulations relating to emergency access, water supply, and defensible space specified in Public Resources Code Sections 4290 and 4291. However, fire requirements for the project were examined by the Deer Springs Fire Protection District (DSFPD) in 2006. As a condition of fire service to the project, DSFPD required a fuel

break of 100 feet on all sides of each structure, improvements to Aquaduct Road and Via Ararat required to provide adequate fire service to the project, required vertical clearance for roadways and driveways, fire hydrants and other conditions necessary to ensure adequate fire protection for the project. With these conditions, the DSFPD determined all potential fire risks associated with the project had been adequately addressed and approved fire service for the project. Although it appears that all potential fire risks for the project can be mitigated this issue will be analyzed further in the fire protection plan and EIR.

í t	Propose a use, or place residents adjact foreseeable use that would substantially exposure to vectors, including mosquito transmitting significant public health discontinuous contracts.	r incre es, rat	ase current or future resident's is or flies, which are capable of
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact
period of Also, the waste, solid was include operation current	of 72 hours (3 days) or more (e.g. artificate project does not involve or support us such as equestrian facilities, agricultural aste facility or other similar uses. The attitus and avocado groves, as well as fons occur on the project site. Therefore, for future resident's exposure to vectors act is identified for this issue area.	ial lak ses tha l oper gricult lower, the p	es, agricultural irrigation ponds). at will produce or collect animal ations (chicken coops, dairies etc.), tural operations on the project site no animal-based agricultural roject will not substantially increase
VIII. H	YDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY -	- Wou	ld the project:
a) '	Violate any waste discharge requiremer	nts?	
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project proposes construction of 28 single-family residences as well as associated infrastructure. The 92.8-acre project site will require grading. Grading activities will require a NPDES permits for discharges of storm water associated with construction activities are needed for construction sites 1 acres or greater, or smaller than 1 acres that is part of a larger overall project. As outlined in the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) May 25, 2005 and prepared by Walsh Engineering and Surveying, Inc., the project will implement the following site design measures, source control, and/or treatment control Best Management Practices (BMPs) to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: site design-minimize

impervious areas, preservation of existing wetlands, and setback of residential sites to use on-site vegetated swales; source control-including homeowner education; and treatment control- on-site vegetated swales. These measures will enable the project to meet waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan (SUSMP).

Finally, the project's conformance to the waste discharge requirements listed above ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable water quality impacts related to waste discharge because, through the permit, the project will conform to Countywide watershed standards in the JURMP and SUSMP, derived from state regulation to address human health and water quality concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact to water quality from waste discharges and impacts would be less than significant.

(ט	Water Act Section 303(d) list? If so, coupollutant for which the water body is alre	ıld the	project result in an increase in any	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	
No Impact: The project lies in the Bonsall hydrologic subarea, within the San Luis Reynydrologic unit. According to the Clean Water Act Section 303(d) list, July 2003, although the mouth of the San Luis Rey impaired for coliform bacteria, no portion of the San Luis Rey River, which is tributary to the Pacific Ocean, is impaired. The project is not expected to affect a Section 303(d) list water body. Therefore, no impact is dentified.				
Could the proposed project cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses?				
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
ess Than Significant Impact: The Regional Water Quality Control Board has				

Less Than Significant Impact: The Regional Water Quality Control Board has designated water quality objectives for waters of the San Diego Region as outlined in Chapter 3 of the Water Quality Control Plan (Plan). The water quality objectives are necessary to protect the existing and potential beneficial uses of each hydrologic unit as described in Chapter 2 of the Plan.

The project lies in the Bonsall hydrologic subarea, within the San Luis Rey hydrologic unit that has the following existing and potential beneficial uses for inland surface waters, coastal waters, reservoirs and lakes, and ground water: municipal and domestic supply; agricultural supply; industrial process supply; industrial service supply; freshwater replenishment; hydropower generation; contact water recreation; non-contact water recreation; warm freshwater habitat; cold freshwater habitat; wildlife habitat; marine habitat; migration of aquatic organisms; and, rare, threatened, or endangered species habitat.

The project proposes the following potential sources of polluted runoff: sediments, nutrients, and organic compounds from residential use. However, site design measures and source control BMPs and treatment control BMPs will be employed to reduce potential pollutants in runoff to a level of insignificance so that the proposed project will not cause or contribute to an exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. The project will employ silt fencing, energy dissipators, gravel bags, and bonded fiber matrix during construction to prevent erosion. Site design includes minimizing impervious surfaces. Treatment control includes placement of bio filters and energy dissipators.

In addition, the proposed BMPs are consistent with regional surface water, storm water and groundwater planning and permitting process that has been established to improve the overall water quality in County watersheds. As a result, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exceedance of applicable surface or groundwater receiving water quality objectives or degradation of beneficial uses. Refer to Section VIII., Hydrology and Water Quality, Question b, for more information on regional surface water and storm water planning and permitting process.

d)	Substantially deplete groundwater s groundwater recharge such that the a lowering of the local groundwater texisting nearby wells would drop to uses or planned uses for which permanents.	re would b table leve a level wh	be a net deficit in aquifer volume or I (e.g., the production rate of pre- nich would not support existing land
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

No Impact: The project will obtain its water supply from the Rainbow Municipal Water District that obtains water from surface reservoirs or other imported water source. There are four existing wells on the project site that have been used for a number of years to water the citrus groves. One of these wells will be destroyed because it is too close to the proposed leach fields for the project. The remaining three wells are located on three separate parcels created as part of the subdivision. There will not be any well-sharing agreements by future residents since the three remaining wells are located on three separate lots and would be used only by those landowners to water the citrus trees. One of these wells has consistently produced approximately 45 gallons per minute of water and the two remaining wells produce about 50 gallons per minute

running twelve hours each. The existing well located on proposed parcel two has been operated since 1960 without any impacts on the groundwater basin. The two remaining wells have been drawing water from the groundwater since 2000-2001 without any apparent impacts to the groundwater basin. A nitrate assessment completed for the project in July 2003 determined that nitrate concentrations in the wells complied with DHS drinking water standards for nitrate and with the California Regional Water Quality Control Board Basin Plan groundwater quality objectives for nitrate. Well water on site is used solely for citrus. Water for all avocados and cut flowers on site are derived from the Rainbow Municipal Water District. Historic well water use on site will be reduced as a result of the project since several acres of citrus trees will be removed to accommodate the pads, infrastructure, and leach fields necessary to accommodate the project. Since prior well usage on site has not resulted in any apparent impacts to the groundwater basin, the reduced water needed for citrus operations as a by-product of the project should not result in any impacts upon groundwater supply. The on site agriculture is certified organic meaning that trees on site are grown without the use of conventional pesticides, artificial fertilizers, human waste, or sewage sludge and that the produce is processed without ionizing radiation or food additives. In addition, the project does not involve operations that would interfere substantially with groundwater recharge including, but not limited to the following: the project does not involve regional diversion of water to another groundwater basin; or diversion or channelization of a stream course or waterway with impervious layers, such as concrete lining or culverts, for substantial distances (e.g. 1/4 mile). These activities and operations can substantially affect rates of groundwater recharge. Therefore, no impact to groundwater resources is anticipated.

e)	Substantially alter the existing dra through the alteration of the cours result in substantial erosion or silts	e of a strea	m or river, in a manner which would
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: The project proposes to develop 92.8 acres into 28, 2.1 to 5.9 acre single-family residential lots and private streets. As outlined in the Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP) May 25, 2005 and prepared by Walsh Engineering and Surveying, Inc., the project will implement the following site design measures, source control, and/or treatment control BMP's to reduce potential pollutants, including sediment from erosion or siltation, to the maximum extent practicable from entering storm water runoff: site design- minimize impervious areas, preservation of existing wetlands, and setback of residential sites to use on-site vegetated swales; source control-including homeowner education; and treatment control- on-site vegetated swales. These measures will control erosion and sedimentation and satisfy waste discharge requirements as required by the Land-Use Planning for New Development and Redevelopment Component of the San Diego Municipal Permit (SDRWQCB Order No. 2001-01), as implemented by the San Diego County Jurisdictional Urban Runoff Management Program (JURMP) and Standard Urban Storm Water Mitigation Plan

Mitigation Incorporated

(SUSMP). The SWMP specifies and describes the implementation process of all BMP's that will address equipment operation and materials management, prevent the erosion process from occurring, and prevent sedimentation in any onsite and downstream drainage swales. The Department of Public Works will ensure that the Plan is implemented as proposed. Due to these factors, it has been found that the project will not result in significantly increased erosion or sedimentation potential and will not alter any drainage patterns of the site or area on- or off-site. In addition, because erosion and sedimentation will be controlled within the boundaries of the project, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable impact. For further information on soil erosion refer to VI., Geology and Soils, Question b.

f)	Substantially alter the existing drainage through the alteration of the course of a the rate or amount of surface runoff in a on- or off-site?	strear	n or river, or substantially increase	
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
draina siltation revise from to Storm Storm Storm Swale 2007 of draina course project Ration 2003 of is 32.0 substa	Less than Significant Impact: The project will not substantially alter the existing drainage of a stream or river in a manner that would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site. A drainage study for the project was prepared and subsequently revised on March 9, 2007 by Walsh Engineering and Surveying, Inc. Stormwater runoff from the north-half of the project site drains in a northwesterly direction. Storm runoff from this portion of the site is collected in an existing maturely vegetated swale off-site. Storm runoff from the south-half of the project site drains in a southwesterly direction. Storm runoff from this portion of the site is collected in an existing maturely vegetated swale, which flows southwesterly through the lower portion of the site. The March 9, 2007 drainage study for the project indicated the project will not alter any existing drainage patterns onsite or in the surrounding area. The project does not alter the course of any stream or river. The drainage study calculated peak rates of runoff for the project both in the existing condition and based on the proposed project using the Rational Method described in the County of San Diego's Hydrology Manual dated June 2003 for a 100-year storm event. Peak discharge from the site in its existing condition is 32.0 cfs. The proposed project will result in a discharge rate of 27.1 cfs which is substantially lower than the existing condition. Therefore the project will not increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in any flooding on or			
g)	Create or contribute runoff water which value planned storm water drainage systems?		exceed the capacity of existing or	
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless		No Impact	

No Impact

k)

Less than Significant Impact: The project does not propose to create or contribute runoff water that would exceed the capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems. Based upon information in the Stormwater Management Plan (2005) prepared by Walsh Engineering and Surveying, Inc, storm runoff from the proposed streets within the project site would be conveyed rapidly to adequately-sized on-site swales and it will flow relatively shallow within the swales. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant.

h)	n) Provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?					
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
polluted concer by Wal into the through BMPs	han Significant Impact: The project produced runoff: construction activities and resident was addressed as part of the May 25, 25 sh Engineering. Vegetated swales and be project to avoid pollutant impacts from some the landscape areas, bio-filtration areas proposed as part of the project, no significated to occur.	ential 2005 s pio-filt surfac s and	development. Control of pollutants of stormwater management plan prepared ration systems have been incorporated e runoff. Storm runoff will be filtered vegetated swales. As a result of these			
•	Place housing within a 100-year flood ha Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Ra map, including County Floodplain Maps?	te Ma	• •			
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact			
with a	pact: No FEMA mapped floodplains, Co watershed greater than 43 acres were ide will occur and no impact is identified.					
* /	Place within a 100-year flood hazard are redirect flood flows?	a stru	ctures which would impede or			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact			
	pact: No 100-year flood hazard areas we bre, no impact will occur and no impact is		· ·			

Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving

flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?

		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact			
inc Co cou	No Impact: The project site lies outside any identified special flood hazard area including a mapped dam inundation area for a major dam/reservoir within San Diego County. In addition, the project is not located immediately downstream of a dam that could potentially flood the property. Therefore, the project will not expose people to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding and no impact is identified.						
lnu	nda	tion by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?					
i.	:	SEICHE					
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact			
	No Impact: The project site is not located along the shoreline of a lake or reservoir; therefore, could not be inundated by a seiche and no impact is identified.						
ii.	•	TSUNAMI					
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact			
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact			
No Impact: The project site is located more than 5 miles from the coast; therefore, in the event of a tsunami the site would not be inundated by a tsunami and no impact will occur.							
iii.	i	MUDFLOW					
		Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact			
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact			

Less than Significant impact: Mudflow is a type of landslide. The site is not located within a landslide susceptibility zone. Also, staff has determined that the geologic environment of the project area has a low probability to be located within an area of potential or pre-existing conditions that could become unstable in the event of seismic activity. In addition, though the project does propose land disturbance that will expose unprotected soils, the project is not located downstream from unprotected, exposed soils within a landslide susceptibility zone. Therefore, it is not anticipated that the

project will expose people or property to inundation due to a mudflow and impacts would be less than significant.

IX. LAND USE AND PLANNING -- Would the project:a) Physically divide an established community?

Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact

No Impact: The project proposes development of 28 residential lots ranging in size from 2.1 to 5.9 acres on the 92.8 acre site and the preservation of approximately 60 acres of existing agricultural operations. The project's median parcel size of 3.0 acres is consistent with the median parcel size of surrounding properties, which is approximately 3.8 acres. Areas surrounding the site consist of estate residential lots and agriculture combined and operated successfully on small lots for a number of years. The 2006 San Diego County crop report notes that 63 percent of San Diego County farms are one to nine acres in size with 77 percent of the farmers living on their land. The project is consistent with the estate lots and agricultural uses in the surrounding area.

This site is zoned A70 which permits residential developments on minimum lot sizes of 2 acres. This zoning designation would permit 41 dwelling units to be constructed on the project site. The project proposes only 28 dwelling units, 13 dwelling units less than permitted by the zoning designation on site. The Bonsall community plan provides that "Developed residential areas throughout Bonsall consist primarily of low density, estate type lots, many of which are combined with agricultural uses. This type of development, as well as the rolling hill and valley topography of the area, gives Bonsall its rural atmosphere". (Bonsall Community Plan p. 6). The Bonsall Plan notes that, "Due to the relatively small area needed for certain tree crops, such as avocado and citrus, agriculture may effectively coexist with residential use. This mix of land uses serves to preserve and enhance the rural character of the area by providing a vegetation buffer between houses". (Bonsall Community Plan p. 9).

By accommodating continued agricultural operations on approximately 60 acres on site and combining this with residential estate type lots, the project is consistent with the established community in the area and the Bonsall community plan. The project does not propose any new major roadways, water supply systems, or utilities in the area. Therefore the project will not disrupt or divide the established community.

b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with
	jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific
	plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of
	avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?

	\checkmark	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant	Impac
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West L	ilac Farms, TM5276RPL³ -	- 29 -	August 14, 2008		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
	ially Significant Impact. The EIR oroject's consistency with all applica				
X. MIN	IERAL RESOURCES Would the	project:			
	Result in the loss of availability of a value to the region and the resident				
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		
Less than Significant Impact: The project will not result in a loss of availability of a known significant mineral resource that would be of value to the region. The project is not located in a significant mineral resource area, as identified on maps prepared by the Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology (Update of Mineral Land Classification: Aggregate Materials in the Western San Diego Production-Consumption Region, 1996). The site has been used for agricultural operations for years. No mining activities have occurred on site. A site visit conducted by Dennis Campbell and Robert Hingtgen on May 1, 2008, did not identify any past or present mining activities on the project site. Therefore, the project would have a less than significant impact for this issue area.					
	b) Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		

No Impact: The project site is zoned A70, which is not an Extractive Use Zone (S-82) nor does it have an Impact Sensitive Land Use Designation (24) with an Extractive Land Use Overlay (25) (County Land Use Element, 2000). The site has not been designated as a mineral resource recovery site on any County land use plan. Therefore, no potentially significant loss of availability of a known mineral resource of locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan,

specific plan or other land use plan will occur as a result of this project.

 \square

No Impact

XI. NOISE -- Would the project result in:

Potentially Significant Unless

Mitigation Incorporated

a) Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?

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Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: The project includes residential development combined with anticipated continued agricultural operations on approximately 60 acres on site. Based on prior project studies and a site visit completed by Dennis Campbell and Robert Hingtgen on May 1, 2008,, the surrounding area supports residences on estate lots and agricultural uses on lots with a median size of 3.8 acres. The project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable standards for the following reasons:

General Plan - Noise Element

The County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element, Policy 4b addresses noise expose noise sensitive areas to noise in excess of a Community Noise Equivalent Level (CNEL) of 60 decibels (dBA). Moreover, if the project is excess of CNEL 60 dB(A), modifications must be made to the project to reduce noise levels. Noise sensitive areas include residences, hospitals, schools, libraries or similar facilities, where quiet is an important attribute. Due to the 2.1 to 5.9 acre lot sizes proposed for the projects and the large lots surrounding the project site, project implementation will not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to road, airport, heliport, railroad, industrial or other noise in excess of the CNEL 60 dB(A). This is also based on staff's review of projected County noise contour maps (CNEL 60 dB(A) contours) which show this 60 decibel level does not extend to the project site. Therefore, the project will not expose people to potentially significant noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, Noise Element.

Noise Ordinance - Section 36-404

Non-transportation noise generated by the project is not expected to exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404) at or beyond the project's property line. The site is zoned A70 that has a one-hour average sound limit of 50dB. The adjacent properties are zoned A70 and have the same limit. Based on review by staff, the project's noise levels are not anticipated to impact adjoining properties or exceed County Noise Standards because the project does not involve any noise producing equipment that would exceed applicable noise levels at the adjoining property line. Additionally, there is adequate buffer between the proposed residential lots and those residences that are off-site.

Noise Ordinance - Section 36-410

The project will not generate construction noise that may exceed the standards of the County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-410). Construction operations will occur only during permitted hours of operation pursuant to Section 36-410.

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Finally, the project's conformance to the County of San Diego General Plan (Noise Element, Policy 4b and County of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Section 36-404 and 36.410) ensures the project will not create cumulatively considerable noise impacts, because the project will not exceed the local noise standards for noise sensitive areas; and the project will not exceed the applicable noise level limits at the property line or construction noise limits, derived from state regulation to address human health and quality of life concerns. Therefore, the project will not contribute to a cumulatively considerable exposure of persons or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan, noise ordinance, and applicable standards of other agencies.

,	Exposure of persons to or generation of groundborne noise levels?	exces	ssive groundborne vibration or
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
does n highwa excess	oact: The project proposes 28 single far ot propose any major, new or expanded lys or major roadways or intensive extra- live groundborne vibration or groundborn nding area. Therefore, no impact is ident	infras ctive i ne noi	structure such as mass transit, ndustry that could generate se levels on-site or in the
,	A substantial permanent increase in am above levels existing without the project		noise levels in the project vicinity
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: The project involves residential use, thus including permanent noise sources that may increase the ambient noise level. As indicated in the response listed under Section XI Noise, Question a., the project would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas in the vicinity to a substantial permanent increase in noise levels that exceed the allowable limits of the County of San Diego General Plan, County of San Diego Noise Ordinance, and other applicable local, state, and federal noise control. Also, the project is not expected to expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels based on review of the project by County staff. Studies completed by the Organization of Industry Standards (ISO 362; ISO 1996 1-3; ISO 3095; and ISO 3740-3747) state an increase of 10 dB is perceived as twice as loud and is perceived as a significant increase in the ambient noise level. However, this issue will be further analyzed in the EIR.

A list of past, present and future projects within in the project vicinity were evaluated. Based upon the review of this list, it was determined that the project will not result in cumulatively noise impacts because the project, in combination with a list of past, present and future project, would not expose existing or planned noise sensitive areas to noise 10 dB CNEL over existing ambient noise levels. Therefore, impacts would be less than significant. Please refer to XVII. Mandatory Findings of Significance for a comprehensive list of the projects considered.

•	substantial temporary or periodic incre cinity above levels existing without the		
☐ F	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
create a noise, su the Coun state reg operatior 410. Als excess or project warmbient in the country of the country operates or the country of	temporary, periodic increase in ambier ich as project grading, is not expected by of San Diego Noise Ordinance (Seculations to address human health and ins will occur only during permitted hours, it is not anticipated that the project wif 75 dB for more than an 8 hours during rould not result in a substantial temporation is levels in the project vicinity and assue area.	nt noise to exception 3 quality as of o vill ope g a 24 ary or	se levels. General construction seed the construction noise limits of 6-410), which are derived from y of life concerns. Construction peration pursuant to Section 36-erate construction equipment in 4-hour period. Therefore, the periodic increase in existing
nc th	or a project located within an airport lar ot been adopted, within two miles of a p e project expose people residing or wo pise levels?	oublic	airport or public use airport, would
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	No Impact
Plan (CL Therefore	ict: The proposed project is not locate UP) for airports or within 2 miles of a pe, the project will not expose people re airport-related noise levels and no im	ublic : siding	airport or public use airport. or working in the project area to
	or a project within the vicinity of a priva eople residing or working in the project		
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact

		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact				
airstı area	No Impact: The proposed project is not located within a one-mile vicinity of a private airstrip; therefore, the project will not expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive airport-related noise levels and no impact is identified for this issue area.							
XII.	PO	PULATION AND HOUSING Would to	ne pro	ject:				
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?							
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact				
No Impact: The project proposes the development 28 single-family residences on the 92.8 acres. However, this physical change will not induce substantial population growth in an area, because the physical change does not propose any increase in the density or intensity of land use that is inconsistent with the General Plan or the zoning designation on site. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.								
b)		Displace substantial numbers of existing of replacement housing elsewhere?	hous	ing, necessitating the construction				
]	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
Γ]	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact				
No Impact: The proposed project will not displace any existing housing since the site is currently undeveloped. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.								
c)		Displace substantial numbers of people, eplacement housing elsewhere?	nece	ssitating the construction of				
		Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact				
		Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact				

No Impact: The property is presently undeveloped and no one is residing on the project site. Therefore, no impact is identified for this issue area.

XIII. PUBLIC SERVICES

- a) Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services:
 - i. Fire protection?
 - ii. Police protection?
 - iii. Schools?
 - iv. Parks?
 - v. Other public facilities?

Potentially Significant Impact	Less than Significant Impact
Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	No Impact

Less than Significant Impact: Based on the service availability forms received for the project, the proposed project will not result in the need for significantly altered services or facilities. Service availability forms have been provided which indicate existing services are available to the project from the following agencies/districts:

- Rainbow Municipal Water District (Water)
- Deer Springs Fire Protection District (Fire)
- Fallbrook Union High School District (High School)
- Bonsall Union Elementary School District (Elementary School)

The project does not involve the construction of new or physically altered governmental facilities including but not limited to fire protection facilities, sheriff facilities, schools, or parks in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance service ratios or objectives for any public services. Therefore, the project will not have an adverse physical effect on the environment because the project does not require new or significantly altered services or facilities to be constructed and impact would be less than significant.

XIV. RECREATION

a)	Would the project increase the use or other recreational facilities such t facility would occur or be accelerate	hat substa	
	Potentially Significant Impact	$\overline{\checkmark}$	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: The project involves a residential subdivision that will increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities. To avoid substantial physical deterioration of local recreation facilities the project will be required to pay fees or dedicate land for local parks to the County pursuant to the Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO). The Park Land Dedication Ordinance (PLDO) is the mechanism that enables the funding or dedication of local parkland in the County. The PLDO establishes several methods by which developers may satisfy their park requirements. Options include the payment of park fees, the dedication of a public park, the provision of private recreational facilities, or a combination of these methods. PLDO funds must be used for the acquisition, planning, and development of local parkland and recreation facilities. Local parks are intended to serve the recreational needs of the communities in which they are located. The proposed project opted to pay parkland fees in lieu of parkland dedication. Therefore, the project meets the requirements set forth by the PLDO for adequate parkland dedication and thereby reducing impacts, including cumulative impacts to local recreational facilities. The project will not result in significant cumulative impacts, because all past, present and future residential projects are required to comply with the requirements of PLDO.

With regard to regional recreational facilities, there are over 21,765 acres of regional parkland owned by the County, which exceeds the General Plan standard of 15 acres per 1,000 population. In addition, there are over one million acres of publicly owned land in San Diego County dedicated to parks or open space including federal lands, state parks, special districts, and regional river parks. Due to the extensive acreage of existing publicly owned lands that can be used for recreation, the project will not result in substantial physical deterioration of regional recreational facilities or accelerate the deterioration of regional parkland. Moreover, the project will not result in a cumulatively considerable deterioration or accelerated deterioration of regional recreation facilities because even with all past, present and future residential projects a significant amount of regional recreational facilities will remain available to County residents. Therefore, the project will not result in the substantial physical deterioration of any neighborhood or regional public or recreational facility.

b)	expansion of recreational facilities, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\checkmark	No Impact		

No Impact: The project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. Therefore, the construction or expansion of recreational facilities cannot have an adverse physical effect on the environment and no impact is identified.

XV. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC -- Would the project:

a)

Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic

load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?				
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless		Less than Significant Impact	
	Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Less than Significant Impact: A Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA), dated October 19, 2005 and prepared by Darnell & Associates was completed for the proposed project. The Traffic Impact Study concluded that the proposed project would result in an additional 336 ADT. As noted in the TIA, the addition of 336 ADT will not result in a substantial increase in the number of vehicle trips, volume of capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections in relation to existing conditions for the following reasons: all key roadway segments analyzed continue to operate at an acceptable LOS D or better with the addition of the proposed project, and all intersections analyzed continue to operate at LOS C or better during both AM and PM peaks with the addition of project traffic except one (SR 76/Olive Hill Rd-Camino Del Rey) at which the project increases existing delay by 1.3 seconds, which is less than the County Guideline for Determining significance standard of 2 seconds. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project impact on traffic volume, which is considered substantial in relation to existing traffic load and capacity of the street system and project traffic impacts would be less than significant. A transportation/traffic section will be included in the EIR for the project and will include a summary of the TIA.				
k	Exceed, either individually or cumulative established by the County congestion may the County of San Diego Transportations or highways?	anage	ement agency and/or as identified	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
V	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact	
Potenti	ially Significant Impact: According to tl	ne TIA	A prepared for the project (Darnell	

Potentially Significant Impact: According to the TIA prepared for the project (Darnell & Associates 2005), the proposed project will result in an additional 336 ADT. The addition of 336 ADT will not result in a substantial increase in the number of vehicle trips, volume of capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections in relation to existing conditions for the following reasons: all key roadway segments analyzed continue to operate at an acceptable LOS D or better with the addition of the proposed project, and all intersections analyzed continue to operate at LOS C or better during both AM and PM peaks with the addition of project traffic except one (SR 76/Olive Hill Rd-Camino Del Rey) at which the project increases existing delay by 1.3 seconds, which is less than the County Guideline for Determining significance standard of 2 seconds. Therefore, the project will not have a significant direct project impact on traffic

volume, or exceed any level of service standard adopted by the County for designated roads or highways.

Additionally, the County of San Diego has developed an overall programmatic solution that addresses existing and projected future road deficiencies in the unincorporated portion of San Diego County. This program includes the adoption of a Transportation Impact Fee (TIF) program to fund improvements to roadways necessary to mitigate potential cumulative impacts caused by traffic from future development. This program is based on a summary of projections method contained in an adopted planning document, as referenced in the State CEQA Guidelines Section 15130 (b)(1)(B), which evaluates regional or area wide conditions contributing to cumulative transportation impacts. Based on SANDAG regional growth and land use forecasts, the SANDAG Regional Transportation Model was utilized to analyze projected build-out (year 2030) development conditions on the existing circulation element roadway network throughout the unincorporated area of the County. Based on the results of the traffic modeling, funding necessary to construct transportation facilities that will mitigate cumulative impacts from new development was identified. Existing roadway deficiencies will be corrected through improvement projects funded by other public funding sources, such as TransNet, gas tax, and grants. Potential cumulative impacts to the region's freeways have been addressed in SANDAG's Regional Transportation Plan (RTP). This plan, which considers freeway buildout over the next 30 years, will use funds from TransNet, state, and federal funding to improve freeways to projected level of service objectives in the RTP.

The proposed project generates 336 ADT. These trips will be distributed on circulation element roadways in the unincorporated county that were analyzed by the TIF program, some of which currently or are projected to operate at inadequate levels of service. These project trips therefore contribute to a potential significant cumulative impact and mitigation is required. The potential growth represented by this project was included in the growth projections upon which the TIF program is based. Therefore, payment of the TIF, which will be required at issuance of building permits, in combination with other components of the program described above, will fully mitigate potential cumulative traffic impacts to less than significant levels. In order to mitigate its incremental contribution to significant cumulative traffic impacts, the proposed project will pay the TIF prior to obtaining building permits and cumulative impacts would be reduced to below a level of significance. A transportation/traffic section will be included in the EIR for the project and will include a cumulative impact analysis discussion.

c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\checkmark}$	No Impact	

No Impact: The proposed project is located outside of an Airport Master Plan Zone and is not adjacent to any public or private airports; therefore, the project will not result in a change in air traffic patterns and no impact is identified for this issue area. d) Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)? Less than Significant Impact ✓ Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated Potentially Significant Impact: West Lilac Road, which provides the primary access to the project site has limited sight distances along certain segments. A sight distance study will be prepared for the project to analyze sight distance at the following intersections: West Lilac/Via Ararat Drive, West Lilac/Aqueduct Road, and West Lilac/Old Highway 395. This analysis will be summarized in the Transportation/Traffic section of the EIR. Result in inadequate emergency access? e) Potentially Significant Impact ✓ Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact Mitigation Incorporated Potentially Significant Impact: The proposed project will not result in inadequate emergency access. The subdivision presently has two access roads to the project site from Via Ararat and Aquaduct Road. Both of these roads connect to West Lilac Road, a County circulation element roadway. As part of the project, Aquaduct will be graded to a width of 28 feet and paved to a width 24 feet with asphalt concrete pavement over an approved base with an asphalt concrete dyke at 12 feet from the centerline which meets the County's road standards. The project will also widen Via Ararat to meet County road requirements. Existing utility poles will be relocated to move them further away from the paved surface. These roads were evaluated for fire purposes by the Deer Springs Fire Protection District and approved by them. Therefore, the project will not result in any inadequate emergency access road. f) Result in inadequate parking capacity? Less than Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless No Impact

No Impact: The Zoning Ordinance Section 6758 Parking Schedule requires two on-site parking spaces for each dwelling unit. The proposed lots have sufficient area to provide at least two on-site parking spaces consistent with the Zoning Ordinance.

Mitigation Incorporated

- /	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?			
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact	
pedest	Than Significant: The project does not trians or bicyclists. Any required improve g conditions as it relates to pedestrians a	ement	s will be constructed to maintain	
XVI. L	JTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS	Would	the project:	
•	Exceed wastewater treatment requiremeduality Control Board?	ents o	f the applicable Regional Water	
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	$\overline{\mathbf{A}}$	No Impact	
to sani Theref	pact: The project does not involve any object sewer. The project proposes on-site fore, the project will not exceed any wast tis identified for this issue area.	e septi	c systems for wastewater.	
b)	Require or result in the construction of r facilities or expansion of existing facilities significant environmental effects?			
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	V	No Impact	
No Impact: The project does not include new or expanded water or wastewater treatment facilities. In addition, the project does not require the construction or expansion of water or wastewater treatment facilities. The project proposes on-site septic for wastewater. Therefore, the project will not require any construction of new or expanded facilities, which could cause significant environmental effects.				
c)	Require or result in the construction of r expansion of existing facilities, the cons environmental effects?			
П	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact	

West Li	lac Farms, TM5276RPL ³	- 40 -	August 14, 2008
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	\square	No Impact
the proj swales drainag in any r	ect. On-site facilities proposed to and bio-filtration areas to control s e facilities would be constructed w new impacts to off-site uses. No o and bio-filtration systems since the	control sur surface flow vithin the pr n site impa	runoff. These on-site stormwater oject footprint and would not result cts occur from the vegetated
,	Have sufficient water supplies avai entitlements and resources, or are		· · ·
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
Municip Rainbo	pal Water District. A Service Available Water District indication of the project will have the project will be a supported by the supported by the project will be a supported by the supported b	ability Lette	eive water service from the Rainbow r has been provided from the adequate water availability to serve t water supplies available to serve
r	Result in a determination by the warmay serve the project that it has in projected demand in addition to the	adequate o	• •
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact
(septic	eact: The proposed project will relessem); therefore, the project will r's service capacity.		ly on an on-site wastewater system re with any wastewater treatment
	Be served by a landfill with sufficie project's solid waste disposal need		d capacity to accommodate the
	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Less Than Significant Impact: Implementation of the project will generate solid waste. All solid waste facilities, including landfills require solid waste facility permits to operate. In San Diego County, the County Department of Environmental Health, Local

Enforcement Agency issues solid waste facility permits with concurrence from the California Integrated Waste Management Board (CIWMB) under the authority of the Public Resources Code (Sections 44001-44018) and California Code of Regulations Title 27, Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Section 21440et seq.). There are five, permitted active landfills in San Diego County with remaining capacity. Therefore, there is sufficient existing permitted solid waste capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs.

g)	Comply with federal, state, and local stawaste?	atutes	and regulations related to solid
	Potentially Significant Impact	\checkmark	Less than Significant Impact
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact
All sol In Sar Enford Califor Public Title 2 depos	than Significant Impact: Implementation id waste facilities, including landfills required Diego County, the County Department between Agency issues solid waste facility rais Integrated Waste Management Boats Resources Code (Sections 44001-4401 T., Division 2, Subdivision 1, Chapter 4 (Stall solid waste at a permitted solid wastal, state, and local statutes and regulation	ire solo of Env perm rd (CIV 8) and Section ste faci	lid waste facility permits to operate ironmental Health, Local its with concurrence from the VMB) under the authority of the I California Code of Regulations in 21440et seq.). The project will lity and therefore, will comply with
<u>XVII. I</u>	MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICA	ANCE	:
a)	Does the project have the potential to d substantially reduce the habitat of a fish wildlife population to drop below self-su plant or animal community, substantially of a rare or endangered plant or animal major periods of California history or pre-	or wil stainir y reduc or elir	dlife species, cause a fish or ig levels, threaten to eliminate a ce the number or restrict the range ninate important examples of the
\Box	Potentially Significant Impact Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		Less than Significant Impact No Impact

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated: The project will impact approximately 13.39 acres of non-native grassland treated as sensitive by the County of San Diego. The .22 acres of southern coast live oak woodland on site and the 1.85-acre drainage basin will be preserved in open space on site. While mitigation has been proposed to fully mitigate these biologic impacts, the impacts are potentially significant unless mitigation is incorporated into the project. Therefore, the project has been determined to potentially meet this mandatory finding of significance unless mitigation is incorporated into the project.

, (;	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?				
	Potentially Significant Impact		Less than Significant Impact		
	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact		

The following list of past, present and future projects were considered and evaluated as a part of this Initial Study:

PROJECT NAME	PERMIT/MAP NUMBER
Dabbs TPM	5346
Caminito Quieto Minor Subdivision	20799
Pfaff TPM	21016
Hukari	7498
Woodhead Minor Subdivision	20541
McNulty Minor Subdivision TPM	20763
Nira Kohl TPM	20319

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated: The project design features and mitigation measures proposed have the potential to fully mitigate potential cumulative impacts to a level of insignificance. Nonetheless, in the absence of these mitigation measures, the project has the potential to create significantly cumulative impacts in the areas of Biological Resources, Cultural Resources, Hazardous Materials, Hydrology and Water Quality and Transportation/Traffic. These issues and the required mitigation will be addressed further in the EIR.

c) Does the project have environmental effects, which will cause substar adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			
	i i otombany organization impact		Less than Significant Impact
✓	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated		No Impact

Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated: The project has the potential to cause substantial adverse effects on human beings in the absence of adoption of the required mitigation measures to mitigate these impacts to a level of insignificance. In addition, additional studies will be completed in the areas of Biological Resources, Cultural Resources, Hazardous Waste and Transportation/Traffic to more fully evaluate project impacts in these areas. These studies may require additional mitigation to fully mitigate project impacts. As a result, there is the potential for the project to create significant adverse impacts on human beings in the absence of adoption of the

necessary mitigation. Until this mitigation is proposed and adopted, the project has been determined to potentially meet this Mandatory Finding of Significance.

XVIII. REFERENCES USED IN THE COMPLETION OF THE INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

All references to federal, state and local regulation are available on the Internet. For federal regulation refer to http://www4.law.cornell.edu/uscode/. For state regulation refer to www.leginfo.ca.gov. For County regulation refer to www.amlegal.com. All other references are available upon request.

AESTHETICS

- California Street and Highways Code [California Street and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.leginfo.ca.gov/)
- California Scenic Highway Program, California Streets and Highways Code, Section 260-283. (http://www.dot.ca.gov/hg/LandArch/scenic/scpr.htm)
- County of San Diego, Department of Planning and Land Use. The Zoning Ordinance of San Diego County. Sections 5200-5299; 5700-5799; 5900-5910, 6322-6326. ((www.co.san_diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-73: Hillside Development Policy. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Board Policy I-104: Policy and Procedures for Preparation of Community Design Guidelines, Section 396.10 of the County Administrative Code and Section 5750 et seq. of the County Zoning Ordinance. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, General Plan, Scenic Highway Element VI and Scenic Highway Program. (ceres.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego Light Pollution Code, Title 5, Division 9 (Sections 59.101-59.115 of the County Code of Regulatory Ordinances) as added by Ordinance No 6900, effective January 18, 1985, and amended July 17, 1986 by Ordinance No. 7155. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego Wireless Communications Ordinance [San Diego County Code of Regulatory Ordinances. (www.amlegal.com)
- Design Review Guidelines for the Communities of San Diego County. (Alpine, Bonsall, Fallbrook, Julian, Lakeside, Ramona, Spring Valley, Sweetwater, Valley Center).
- Federal Communications Commission, Telecommunications Act of 1996 [Telecommunications Act of 1996, Pub. LA. No. 104-104, 110 Stat. 56 (1996). (http://www.fcc.gov/Reports/tcom1996.txt)
- Institution of Lighting Engineers, Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Light Pollution, Warwickshire, UK, 2000 (http://www.dark-skies.org/ile-gd-e.htm)
- International Light Inc., Light Measurement Handbook, 1997. (www.intl-light.com)
- Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Lighting Research Center, National Lighting Product Information Program (NLPIP), Lighting Answers, Volume 7, Issue 2, March 2003. (www.lrc.rpi.edu)

- US Census Bureau, Census 2000, Urbanized Area Outline Map, San Diego, CA. (http://www.census.gov/geo/www/maps/ua2kmaps.htm)
- US Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management (BLM) modified Visual Management System. (www.blm.gov)
- US Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) Visual Impact Assessment for Highway Projects.
- US Department of Transportation, National Highway System Act of 1995 [Title III, Section 304. Design Criteria for the National Highway System.

 (http://www.fhwa.dot.gov/legsregs/nhsdatoc.html)

AGRICULTURE RESOURCES

- California Department of Conservation, Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program, "A Guide to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program," November 1994. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Department of Conservation, Office of Land Conversion, "California Agricultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment Model Instruction Manual," 1997. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Farmland Conservancy Program, 1996. (www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Land Conservation (Williamson) Act, 1965. (www.ceres.ca.gov, www.consrv.ca.gov)
- California Right to Farm Act, as amended 1996. (www.qp.gov.bc.ca)
- County of San Diego Agricultural Enterprises and Consumer Information Ordinance, 1994, Title 6, Division 3, Ch. 4. Sections 63.401-63.408. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Department of Agriculture, Weights and Measures, "2002 Crop Statistics and Annual Report," 2002. (www.sdcounty.ca.gov)
- United States Department of Agriculture, Natural Resource Conservation Service LESA System. (www.nrcs.usda.gov, www.swcs.org).
- United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Survey for the San Diego Area, California. 1973. (soils.usda.gov)

AIR QUALITY

CEQA Air Quality Analysis Guidance Handbook, South Coast Air Quality Management District, Revised November 1993. (www.aqmd.gov)

- County of San Diego Air Pollution Control District's Rules and Regulations, updated August 2003. (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- Federal Clean Air Act US Code; Title 42; Chapter 85 Subchapter 1. (www4.law.cornell.edu)

BIOLOGY

- California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG). Southern California Coastal Sage Scrub Natural Community Conservation Planning Process Guidelines. CDFG and California Resources Agency, Sacramento, California. 1993. (www.dfg.ca.gov)
- County of San Diego, An Ordinance Amending the San Diego County Code to Establish a Process for Issuance of the Coastal Sage Scrub Habitat Loss Permits and Declaring the Urgency Thereof to Take Effect Immediately, Ordinance No. 8365. 1994, Title 8, Div 6, Ch. 1. Sections 86.101-86.105, 87.202.2. (www.amlegal.com)
- County of San Diego, Biological Mitigation Ordinance, Ord. Nos. 8845, 9246, 1998 (new series). (www.co.san-diego.ca.us)
- County of San Diego, Implementing Agreement by and between United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Game and County of San Diego. County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, 1998.
- County of San Diego, Multiple Species Conservation Program, County of San Diego Subarea Plan, 1997.
- Holland, R.R. Preliminary Descriptions of the Terrestrial Natural Communities of California. State of California, Resources Agency, Department of Fish and Game, Sacramento, California, 1986.
- Memorandum of Understanding [Agreement Between United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS), California Department of Fish and Game (CDFG), California Department of Forestry and Fire Protection (CDF), San Diego County Fire Chief's Association and the Fire District's Association of San Diego County.
- Scheidt, Vince. Biological Resources Report for West Lilac Project. 2004.
- Stanislaus Audubon Society, Inc. v County of Stanislaus (5th Dist. 1995) 33 Cal.App.4th 144, 155-159 [39 Cal. Rptr.2d 54]. (www.ceres.ca.qov)
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 Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. U.S.
 Army Corps of Engineers, Wetlands Research Program
 Technical Report Y-87-1. 1987.
 (http://www.wes.army.mil/)
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. America's wetlands: our vital link between land and water. Office of Water, Office of Wetlands, Oceans and Watersheds. EPA843-K-95-001. 1995b. (www.epa.gov)
- U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service and National Marine Fisheries Service. Habitat Conservation Planning Handbook. Department of Interior, Washington, D.C. 1996. (endangered.fws.gov)
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